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Hughes Quality Roses

ROBERT E. HUGHES
Rose Specialist

6365 Main St.
Williamsville, New York
Near Buffalo
Read Carefully Before Ordering

Why order early  All orders are filled in rotation as received last season hundreds of late orders were returned. Acknowledgment of your order will be made at once.

I ship by Express and Parcel Post the latter being the most satisfactory. Customers wanting roses shipped by Parcel Post kindly remit 30 cents per doz plants when ordering. This applies to all orders East of the Mississippi River.

Shipping Season  Commences in early April.

Fall Shipments  About November 15th people ordering roses for fall delivery must order at least 5 of a kind.

We Reserve the right to omit an item, to balance a shortage in remittance due, also to add to your order if you have over remitted.

C. O. D.  Orders must be accompanied by at least 25% deposit.

Package is free except when sold at the hundred rate.

Substitution  Kindly name a few additional varieties for substitution in case we are sold out of some sorts. With a world shortage in roses late orders calling for numerous varieties cannot usually be filled without some substitution.

Complaints must be made upon receipt of goods. And will be rectified if we have made any mistake.

Guarantee  We guarantee our plants true to name and to reach you in good growing condition. If found otherwise they must be returned to us immediately and we will return your money. Following the custom of the trade and not knowing the treatment they will have when received we do not guarantee none will die.

Our Nursery of 12 acres is situated on Main St. half mile East of Williamsville a suburb of Buffalo, N. Y. Street cars pass our door. Cars leave Main St. Buffalo City Line on the hour and half hour.

OUR ROSES AT THE TORONTO ROSE SHOW
Unsolicited Testimonial

Mr. Robert E. Hughes—
You were a prize winner in the 1919 Exhibition of the Rose Society of Ontario. All rosarians are interested in the factors that contribute to the success of Prize Winners in these exhibitions.

Could you therefore let us have for publication in the Rose Bulletin a brief account of what, in your opinion, brought your roses to that condition which rendered them superior in these points on which our rose experts judge the products of our rose gardens. In other words, what did you do in the way of cultivation to grow your roses that were considered the best on exhibit at the 1919 show.

Yours truly,
E. GORMAN
In presenting to you my tenth annual booklet of roses, I do so with the assurance that the roses offered are of the best quality, all low—budded on Multiflora, and are winter rested, having the best root system procurable, and reared in the open under trying climatic conditions. Roses thus grown are preferable over plants grown in warmer climates.

In the selection of varieties, I have used every discretion in selecting such sorts that show an affinity to do well on Multiflora stock. If the public would only consider for a minute, they would realize that the success of these roses over own-root roses has a significance for them.

The introduction of these Hybrid Roses has been a feature with me and their success has earned for me the confidence of the rose-growing public, and I look upon this with no small pride today.

I have expended time and labor during the past twelve years in importing the newer roses from the Hybridists, only to find that while some were a decided advance upon existing sorts, others lacked distinction and were discarded. We therefore, issue with confidence the accompanying list of roses in the hope that the rose-growing public will at least grant me a fair share of their support which I would greatly appreciate, and with the assurance that every effort will be used to merit your continued patronage.

Yours very sincerely,

[Signature]

Rose Specialist

Williamsville, N.Y.
Cultural Directions

LOCATION—Choose the best position in your garden, as open as possible to fresh air. Do not plant near trees and keep away from hedges and shrubbery. Roses do not require constant sunshine. Do not plant near your roses, they resent it.

SOIL—Roses are by no means arbitrary as regards to soil or how could they come so universally good from widely different soils and locations. If your soil is heavy clay, and wet, drain it by digging two feet and putting in six inches of cinders, ashes or small stones, in the bottom for drainage. Lighten the top eighteen inches by the addition of good garden soil and well-rotted manure, one-third of each, mix thoroughly the clay, garden soil and manure. Roses resent all black soil as it contains too much acid, but do well in soil composed of fine roots found under old sod. Never elevate your rose bed except the location is low as elevated beds dry out rapidly.

PLANTING—My roses are all low-budded and should be planted with the union one inch below the level. This is most important. Too shallow or too deep planting spells failure. By all means plant firmly by treading the soil around the plant. When filling in the soil after planting, give one good watering to firm the soil. Dormant roses, when planted early, require little moisture until active growth starts. Hybrid Teas should be set eighteen inches apart, perpetual or one crop roses two feet apart.

PRUNING—Roses should be severely cut back, especially when planted in the spring. Your best blooms come from the low eyes, being larger near the base of the plant. Always cut the thinnest canes shortest, and all weak wood away entirely. Cut the strong branches to six or eight inches and the smaller branches to half that length.

THINNING OUT—It frequently happens as the season advances, that several small shoots appear on some plants. These should be cut off. The plant will then branch from the bottom and throw out strong canes producing beautiful autumn blooms.
B — Shows where the rose is budded.

A — Two inches higher. Shows the ground level.

Curved Circle — Four inches higher still. Shows the soil moulded up for Winter protection.

PLANT EARLY—Roses do much better when planted early. April is the growing month with its spring rains. Do not defer planting for fear of frost. My roses, being dormant, cannot be injured by early freezing. Late planted roses should be shaded for ten days and frequently watered.

FERTILIZER—Nothing is better for roses than cow manure. It can be used more liberally, besides holding more moisture than other manures. New horse manure is too heating and should only be used as a winter mulch. When one year old, it can be thoroughly mixed with soil. If manure cannot be secured, bone meal can be used with the addition of stacked lime or land plaster; this will sweeten the soil.

DISEASES AND INSECTS—Aphis, or green fly, little insects which infest the new growths in countless numbers, are best dislodged by gently spraying with the garden hose. This at the same time, cleanses the plant. Tobacco dust, usually to be had at seed stores, dusted on the plants in early morning when covered with dew, is further recommended when conditions require.

GREEN WORM—(those that eat the leaves) Apply hellibore with a small powder bellows early in the morning when the dew is upon the plants, about three or four applications a season will suffice. Both the tobacco dust and hellibore will temporarily disfigure the plant but it can be washed off by spraying with the garden hose the third day after application.

Leaf Roller—Usually appearing in May, frequently eating holes in the flower buds. This worm always harbors within a curled leaf, usually close to a flower bud. Kill him by pinching the curled leaf.

Mildew—Detected by the grayish appearance of the foliage. Usually starts on the newer growths, frequently caused by closeness in daytime and cold nights. May be held in check by applying dry sulphur in the early morning. During late summer, do not water your roses in the evening as this induces mildew.

Black Spot—Appearing as the name implies, upon the leaves, usually upon the base of the plant. Hand pick the affected leaves and burn them. The best preventative is Bordeaux Mixture applied frequently during the season.

Winter Protection

Mother Earth, hoed up about six inches around your plants, is by far the best protection. This sheds the water, thus preventing the plant from heaving up. It also keeps the plant at an even temperature. This method is much better than applying heavy manure directly against the plant. Apply the manure between the mounds, it can then be dug in in the Spring. Do not apply the manure until after several hard frosts as mice may harbor there and bark your roses, if applied early in the season.
Hybrid Tea Roses

This class now embodies the delicate shades and delightful fragrance possessed by Tea and H. P. Roses combining too the vigor and more pronounced pink and crimson shades of color previously confined to the one crop rose. This class of roses has superseded all others because of their superior constitution and free blooming propensities blooming continuously until cut down by hard frost. They combine all the better traits of the two classes from which they have sprung. This great advantage together with their delightful fragrance have given then pride of place in our rose gardens today.


BETTY—(A Dickson 1905)—Coppery rose, overspread with golden yellow. Blooms are extremely large, growth very vigorous and of very free branching habit. Best in autumn. Rather thin petals which open well in wet weather.

CAROLINE TESTOUT—Vigorous—Pernet Ducher 1890. Salmon pink, with large globular flowers, coming perfect in all weather. It is not dainty in its requirements. It is justly popular everywhere. A rose for every garden and most reliable in any position. This will not disappoint. A sterling rose.

CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT—Moderate growth—Pernet Ducher 1908. Velvety dark crimson shaded deep red, almost black. This is purely a garden rose and the most popular of the nearly black varieties, on account of its freedom of flowering and fragrance. Broad, branching habit but only a moderate grower.

COLUMBIA—New. A splendid large, full, double rose of great lasting rose-pink flowers are most attractive. Has been awarded three gold qualities. It is a strong grower, almost thornless and the brilliant medals during 1920. One of the medals was given by the American Rose Society for the best rose for general outdoor cultivation.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON—Vigorous—Alex Dickson 1909. Intense saffron yellow, shading to coppery yellow. Petals large, fairly full, of the Killarney type. Beautiful bud formation with a crimson smear on the outer petal. Fragrant apricot perfume. The best yellow garden rose today.


C. F. MEYER
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PRICES — SEE PAGE SIXTEEN
MRS. AARON WARD
SEE PAGE SEVEN

FLORENCE PEMBERTON—Very vigorous—Alex. Dickson 1903, creamy white with a picotee edge of pink. At its best it is a lovely rose, and an excellent grower. Impatient to wet weather is its only fault.

GENERAL McARTHUR—(Hill 1905) Brilliant Scarlet Crimson full, fairly large, of fine fragrance. This rose of American origin possess much merit as it is exceptionally free flowering.

GEORGE C. WAUD—Moderately vigorous—Dickson 1908. (Gold Medal) Glowing orange vermilion which does not fade. Flowers large and full with high pointed center. No one can go far wrong in planting this variety. Give it the best position in the bed. Deserves it.

GRANGE COLOMBE—New. Vigorous—P. Guillot 1912. Here we have a new white rose, far superior to Frau Karl Druschki. The blooms are large and full of good form, slightly shaded yellow. The plant is an erect grower and the blooms are fragrant. This rose was brought to my notice by the late Admiral Ward as one of special merit. We have grown this rose the past four seasons and feel it should be more extensively planted.

GRUSS-AN-TEPLITZ—Very vigorous, velvety crimson, medium sized flowers in clusters. Its hardiness and beautiful foliage, together with its free blooming propensities, makes it a great rose for massing and hedging. Prune sparingly, as it resents it.


HOOSIER BEAUTY—Fairly Vigorous—Dorner & Son 1913. This dark red rose is quite double with high pointed center and in fragrance are infinitely superior to its autumnal blooms. As a cut back, it is a failure. Not as good as Laurent Carle or Etoile de France. It is scarcely equalled by any other red rose. Its summer blooms

JANET—Vigorous—Alex. Dickson 1912. This rose in its young stage is a delicate egg yolk and salmon flesh toning down to fawn, almost chrome. Its strong, delicious perfume adds much to its chasteness. Splendid habit with long rigid flower stalks. Very floriferous.

JONHKEER J. L. MOCK—Vigorous—Leenders 1910. Rich rose with a carmine reverse. The flowers of tremendous size, perfect form, resembling La France but the color is more intense, possessing great substance. Almost thornless.
PHARISAER
SEE PAGE SEVEN


KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA—Moderate—Lambert 1891. This cream shaded lemon rose together with the build of the bloom and its magnolia like fragrance, has earned for it a place in many gardens. Does well against a South warm wall. It needs slight protection.

KILLARNEY QUEEN—Vigorous—Being more vigorous than the other Killarneys and possessing a decided lift in color which is more intense, places it a favorite among Killarney lovers.

LADY ALICE STANLEY—Vigorous—McGredy 1899. We have here a most delightful bycolor pink rose, possessing good stems for cutting and always in bloom. This rose is an extremely good doer and considered by many to be McGredy’s best production.


LADY URSULA—Extremely vigorous—Dickson 1908. The strongest growing rose of the Hybrid Tea family. The flowers are flesh pink, large and full, extremely free and a good doer, best in autumn.

LA FRANCE—Vigorous—Guillet 1867. Delicate silvery rose, globular form, exceedingly fragrant, hardy and free blooming. In wet weather, it opens badly. This rose does not require rich soil, being the exception, not the rule.

LIEUT. CHAURE—(Pernet Ducher 1910). This new red rose is a welcome addition to the best. The color, velvety Crimson-Lake is unlike any other red rose. Its model and uniform habit of growth, producing in lavish profusion beautiful cup-shaped flowers of the Killarney type makes it an ideal Hybrid Tea.

LAURENT CARLE—Vigorous—Pernet Ducher 1907. Rich, deep carmine. It is a handsome rose for bedding purposes, but must not be severely pruned. This is considered the best Hybrid Tea of its color and much superior to Hadley or Hoosier Beauty for garden purposes. If I were to have but one red rose, it would be Laurent Carle or Etoile de France.

LOS ANGELES—Vigorous—Howard & Smith 1917 New. In color a luminous flame pink toned with coral and shaded gold. This new rose has gained tremendous popularity since introduction, being extremely free and hardy and producing blooms of great substance.

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MADAME EDOUARD HERRIOT—Moderate—Pernet Ducher 1913. is known as the "Daily Mail Rose." Vivid terra cotta fading to strawberry rose the second day. Much superior to Beaute de Lyon with its flat flowers. True it is thin in petal but it comes fairly constant to color. It constitutes a marvelous combination of hues.

MADAM JULES BOUCHE—Vigorous—Crobier & Fils 1911 new. Here is the rose we have been waiting for with its full, pearly-white camellia-like flowers. Its exceptional growth and freedom of bloom places it head and shoulders over the scentless Druschki.

MISS CYNTHIA FORDE—Vigorous—Hugh Dickson 1909. In this we have a rose of deep rosy pink, carried on long stems and of exceptional size, almost as large as a peony. Fortunately, this rose does not bloom en masse but is continuous throughout the season, and best in autumn.


MRS. AMBROSE RICCARDO—Vigorous—McGreedy & Son 1914. Honey Yellow or primrose, shaded with saffron. The flowers are of the largest size, quite double, of good substance and continuously produced. Sweetly scented. New.


OPHE. IA—Vigorous—Wm. Paul & Son 1912. As an outside garden rose, it stands pre-eminent. Its model habit of growth and freedom of bloom, together with the build of the flower, makes it indispensible. Every bloom opens perfectly. The color is dark pink with yellow and salmon shadings. Plant it.

PHARISAER—Vigorous—Hinner 1901. We have imported thousands of these plants during the past twelve years and no rose has given greater satisfaction. Its ideal habit of growth, free branch-ing propensities, producing its flesh colored blooms in endless profusion, makes it an ideal Hybrid Tea. It will not disappoint. Always does well and is the last rose to go off bloom in the fall.

PREMIER—Vigorous—E. G. Hill. There is nothing handsomer in the whole range of dark pink. The color, form and foliage are fine in the extreme. The fragrance is unsurpassed. Almost thornless.

QUEEN OF FRAGRANCE—Vigorous—W. Paul & Son. This new shell pink rose possesses all the requisites of an ideal Hybrid Tea. Being a good doer, free bloomer, on straight upright stems and possessing handsome foliage. Very fragrant.

RADIANCE—Very vigorous—Cook 1909. This rose of American origin should be more generously planted, being extremely strong, growing and always in bloom. Producing cup formed flowers way into autumn. Color shell pink, slightly bycolor.

RED RADIANCE—Every rose lover knows what a grand bedding rose pink Radiance is. In its red sport, we have a rose an exact counterpart except in color. Its sturdy growth, beautiful foliage and the freedom with which it produces its cupped blooms makes it a great acquisition.

SOUV. GUSTAVE PRATT—Vigorous—Pernet Ducher 1910. This is one of the best bright sulphur yellows without shadings, fairly large and full, high pointed center. Very free flowering.

WHITE KILLARNEY—Vigorous—Waban Rose Co. 1909. A true sport from the ever favorite pink Killarney, with larger and more double flowers. Subject to mildew. Autumnal bloomer.

WILLOWMERE—Vigorous—Pernet Ducher 1913. This rose with its rich pernatinia pink yellow center and light carmine shaded edges is very large and full. This rose resembles the Lyon rose but is a better doer and hangs its head less.

OUR ROSES AT J. N. ADAM HOSPITAL

The sixty roses which I purchased from you last April started to bloom in June, and continued until the first part of November, when the blooms were killed by frost. They were greatly admired by everyone, and I can sincerely recommend your roses to all those who love such flowers.

I expect we shall be in the market for more this spring, and will state that out of the sixty bushes purchased, only two died.

Very truly yours,
DAVID W. SEYMOUR.

| PRICES — SEE PAGE SIXTEEN |
Hybrid Perpetuals Roses

In this collection we offer the very cream of the variety. This set will give good results with less care than is required with the Hybrid Teas or everblooming roses.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—In this white rose we have blooms of enormous size and substance possessing petals of great depth. In many gardens this rose blooms frequently during the summer, while in others only in June. A fine rose for massing.

GEORGE ARENS—(Very Vigorous) Hinner 1910 Known as the pink Druschki. In this new rose we have the greatest acquisition made in the past ten years in perpetual roses. Its large pink flowers of great substance arrests attention in the rose garden, deliciously scented.

GEORGE DICKSON—(A Dickson 1912) This unique new rose named in honor of the senior member of the firm and claimed by the originators as their ideal of a perfect rose. It has caused a world-wide demand for it. Its velvety black crimson blooms beautifully reflects and opens naturally. It never blues or browns. Its only weak point is that it occasionally hangs its head. It has rich syrupy tea perfume. Plant it with Druschki.

MRS. JOHN LAING—(Bennett 1887) This beautiful large petal pink rose is practically everblooming. Produces flowers of much substance on long almost thornless stems. Its wonderful constitution makes it an ideal rose for massing.
Climbing Roses

Suitable for training over porches, fences or other objects. They require little pruning.

AMERICAN PILLAR—A single flowered variety bearing pink flowers in heavy trusses. It retains its foliage well into the fall and is very handsome.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY—This new rose has lived well up to its reputation. Strong and vigorous growth with canes 10 to 15 ft in a single season. Its rosy crimson flowers on long stems is enhanced by its beautiful foliage, fragrant and fine for cutting.

DOROTHY PERKINS—A most splendid variety of strong rampant growth together with its glossy foliage makes it ideal for Pergola effect or arches. Its pink flowers come in clusters. Quite hardy.

DR. VAN VLEET—Flesh pink on the outer surface deepening to rosy flesh. The flowers are very double and carried on good stiff stems. The blooms, when open, will measure 4 inches in diameter with high pointed center. Extra strong growing.

EXCELSA—THE RED DOROTHY—We have discarded the rose Crimson Rambler on account of its mildewing for the more meritorious variety. The new variety is not susceptible to mildew. Has an ideal habit of growth throwing out canes that produce flowers in clusters of from 30 to 40 which are large for a climbing rose. The color is intense crimson maroon.

SILVER MOON—In this rose we have an ideal habit of growth together with its bronze-green mildew proof foliage. Its large flowers of ivory white with prominent yellow stamens are produced on long stems, ideal for cutting.

TAUSENDSCHON—A most distinct rose. The flowers are large produced in clusters. In color a delightful soft pink. Not strong enough in growth for Pergolas. Better as a pillar rose.

Paul’s Scarlet Climber — New
See Cut and Description on Opposite Page

Rugosa Roses

Exceedingly hardy. Used for tall hedges or as specimens

CONRAD F. MEYER—Hybrid Rugosa. In this delightful Hybrid we have an iron clad strong growing rose not particular as to soil and one that is a good cover. Should be used as a specimen plant on your lawn or as a hedge. Do not plant it near your Teas or Hybrid Teas. It is too strong growing. Its shell pink flowers often measuring four inches in diameter are produced in abundance on long stems. Prune sparingly and very early. (See cut page 4.)

NOVA ZEMBLA—A pure white sport of Conrad F. J. Meyer with large full fragrant flowers possessing the same habit of growth. Prune sparingly and very early.
PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER

We were awarded the silver medal for our display of this rose at Toronto, for the best new climbing rose.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER—(New) We have imported many hundred novelties during the past 12 years from England and Ireland but this new rose by far excels any climbing rose we have today. We were the first to exhibit this climbing rose at the exhibition of the Annual Rose Show of the Rose Society of Ontario held in the City of Toronto. The flowers we staged were open over two weeks. The color being as perfect as on the 1st day. This is the only rose in the world today that will not go off color. The plant in the garden immediately arrests attention, with its lovely mildew proof foliage. The flowers are of medium size semi-double freely produced in clusters of from 3 to 6 flowers each on much branched canes. The plant being literally covered with flowers from top to bottom. Was awarded the Gold Medal of the National Rose Society of England and the much coveted Gold Medal at Bagatelle Gardens, Paris. Fine for Pergola or Pillars and absolutely hardy.

What Others Say About this Rose

"For as a matter of newness and beauty it was by all odds the best feature of the show"


One of the features of the exhibition and undoubtedly the outstanding feature of class 14 was the exhibit of the Scarlet climbing rose made by Robert E. Hughes of Williamsville, N. Y.

H. J. MOORE, Queen Victoria Park

PRICES — SEE PAGE SIXTEEN
Budded Versus Own Root Roses

We at one time grew roses on their own roots but have long since discarded that method of propagation. We did not find the game worth the candle, when grown on their own roots the plants made poor growth, invariably winter killed even when protected. They required too much coddling. When budded, they make more growth in one season than own root roses do in three, come into flower sooner and produce finer and more blooms. Our budded stock is over twice as large as own root roses. I have as yet to see a really fine bed of Hybrid Tea roses on their own roots.

In the Delaware Park Rose Gardens

Our roses may be seen in all their beauty blooming continuously until late Autumn.

Rose lovers contemplating setting out a rose bed or rose garden may select the varieties that appeal to their liking with the assurance that only a reliable garden can be chosen.

To Prospective Customers

We have sold several thousands of these roses to members of the American Rose Society during the past seasons, and we have yet to receive the first complaint. In the face of this result the quality of our stock must be conceded.

Our Trial Grounds

Contain about one hundred varieties comprising many new creations. They are at their best usually in June and September. Visitors always welcome.

What Others Say

Dear Mr. Hughes:

It gives me much pleasure to be able to say that the quality of the roses which you furnished were of the very best and have given entire satisfaction. They bloomed continuously up to the middle of November, which is most remarkable, considering the severe windy cold weather in this vicinity; we are not only much pleased with the hardiness of the plants but the beauty of the roses as well, which surpassed all expectations.

We also wish to convey to you our appreciation for the interest displayed by you in selecting the bushes as well as for your advice as to the planting and care of same and I do not hesitate to say that any prospective purchaser of roses will make no mistake in placing an order with you, as they will be assured of plants which are first class in every respect and they will have your personal interest in the development of same.

Sincerely,

M. F. MURPHY,
Wilson, N. Y.
Your roses are in a class by themselves. I bought roses from several nurserymen but yours were much better, fully double the size I got elsewhere.

F. H. Lawler.

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AUSTRIAN PINE — BLUE SPRUCE

What is more beautiful when used as a lawn specimen than the Blue Spruce or the Austrian Pine for larger grounds. We have a large stock of Koster Blue Spruce in specimens.

BARBERRY THUNBERGII

Used extensively for veranda planting or hedges, being hardy.
SPIREA VANHOUTTI

A delightful shrub that invariably does well. Used extensively for veranda planting and for massing also as lawn specimens.

FOUNDATION OF EVERGREENS

Evergreens are becoming more and more popular and deservedly so, because they are stately as individuals and most impressive when massed.

Page fifteen
Price of Roses

All roses named or listed in this catalog we offer in strong two year old field grown budded plants at $1.00 each. $12.00 per dozen except Los Angeles, Columbia and Duchess of Wellington which are $1.25 each.

Three Year Old Roses

PRICES of the following varieties in 3 year old plants are $1.25 each. $15.00 per dozen.

These roses run about 3 ft in height but are cut back for convenient handling.

Etoile De France
Grange Colombe
Madam Jules Bouche
Mrs. W. C. Miller

Miss Cynthia Forde
Queen of Fragrance
Red Radiance

All Climbing, Perpetual and Rugosa Roses are $1.00 each, except Paul’s Scarlet Climbers, $2.00 each

Evergreens, Shrubs and Vines

Shrubs

ALMOND—Free flowery in early spring.
ALTHEA—in variety, flowering in August or September.
BARBERRY—hardy, dense habit; makes beautiful hedge.
BUTTERFLY BUSH—July and August flowers similar to Lilacs.
CALYCANTHUS—Sweet scented, upright habit.
DOGWOOD—in variety
ELDER GOLDEN LEAVES.
FORSYTHIA—Spring flowering.
HYDRANGEAS—the most popular autumn flowering shrubs.
HONEYSUCKLE—Bush and Climbing.
LILACS—In varieties
MOCK ORANGE—in variety. Fragrant white flowers in June.
PRIVIT CALIFORNIA and ARMOUR RIVER HARDY.
SPIREA—in variety.
SNOWBALLS—in variety.
WEIGELA—in variety Red, pink, white and variegated leaves.
RHODOTYPUS—White flowering

Peonies and Shrubs $1.00 each

Vines

AMPELOPSIS—Boston fine for walls.
AMPELOPSIS—Virginia Creeper.
DUTCHMANS PIPE—Tall growing with large leaves adopted for Porches and Arbors.
CLEMATIS—in variety.
HONEYSUCKLE—(Halls) Semi evergreen fragrant the best
MATRIMONY VINE—A general utility hardy climber, overcoming every obstacle to growth, every shoot has small purple flowers. Does well everywhere.

PRICES $1.00 EACH.

Evergreens

"THE interest in the rose cannot pass. The appeal of the flower is practically universal. The variety in form and color is wide and the adaptations remarkable. It has become part of the experience of the race."